





## STOCK, SHARES, AND MONEY.

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**ALL YOU HAVE TO PAY**  
TEN PER CENT. FOR EVERY \$100 ADVANCED, repayable  
IN TWELVE MONTHS, for a Loan on Furniture, or any  
similar security, cannot immediately make you  
safe, April 1st, also pay off or have loan at the above rate,  
in addition to pay off or have loan at the above rate.  
**JOHN COOPER,** 108 Pitt-street, Sydney.

**A LOAN OFFICE**  
ESTABLISHED IN 1898.

Borrowers are not put at any disadvantage by our  
method of doing business, we will complete your busi-  
ness in a few hours.

**LEND MONEY PRIVATELY AND WITHOUT**  
ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSON BEING  
PERMITTED TO KNOW THE LOANS.

**INTEREST RATES LOW**

**OFFICE HOURS:** Daily 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Open on Fridays from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Phone, 286 Glebe.

**TRUST FUND TO LEND**

AT FOUR PER CENT.

ON SECURITY OF City or Suburban Freehold or Leased  
Land, or Building, or Building and Land, consisting of  
Broad Areas, such as Dairy Farms, Stations, etc.

We also have Private Loans can advance  
on the following securities:

**FREEHOLD IN CITY, SUBURBAN,**  
OR COUNTRY LANDS.

**PARTMENT OR MUNICIPAL STOCKS OR**  
DEBENTURES, ETC., ETC.

**LOANS ON PUBLIC TATES, DUES OF PUBLIC**  
COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

**LOWEST CURRENT RATE OF INTEREST**

The above list contains a condition  
of the loans the privilege of repaying up to 20  
per cent. of the loan during any year.

**REPAID EARLY INSTALMENTS**

**ADVANCER FOR SHORT PERIODS ON DEPOSITS OF DEEDS.**

Open Monday evenings, 7 p.m.

**WILLIAM COOPER,** 108 Pitt-street, Sydney.

**Real Estate Office:** 38 Pitt-street, Sydney.

**W. W. HEROLD,** Secretary.

On application for 20 years on any  
security, plus 20 per cent. interest.

**WOLFARAN LOANS** for 20 years on any  
security, plus 20 per cent. interest.

**WOLFARAN LTD.** 108 Pitt-street, Sydney.

**WOLFARAN LTD.** 108 Pitt

# ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS OF AMALGAMATED HILL END, LTD.

To be incorporated under the Companies Acts of New South Wales.

**CAPITAL £100,000, IN 500,000 SHARES OF 4s. EACH.**

Public Issue, 400,000 Shares. Purchase Price, 100,000 fully paid-up Shares and £10,000 Cash.

Working Capital, £70,000.

DIRECTORS: TO BE APPOINTED.

MANAGING DIRECTOR: J. E. SCANTLEBURY.

ACTING SECRETARY: H. S. LAND.

AUDITORS: STARKEY AND STARKEY, Chartered Accountants.

SOLICITORS: LOBBAN AND LOBBAN, Equitable-building.

HEAD OFFICE: EQUITABLE-BUILDING, SYDNEY.

BANKERS: COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY, Ltd.

**SHARES WILL BE ISSUED 2/- ON APPLICATION, 2/- ON ALLOTMENT.**

**A**LREADY there are many applications for shares, including one for 25,000 shares. The Company has been formed with a view to amalgamation, without underwriting commissions. It is evident that the issue will be over-subscribed, consequently the above and all other applications will be dealt with pro rata.

The Share List will be opened on the 22nd February (instant), and close on the 22nd March (proximo), to enable this Prospectus to reach distant Australian goldfields.

All contracts entered into by the Vendors, and Memorandum and Articles of Association, may be seen by intending purchasers at the office of Messrs. Lobban and Lobban, Solicitors, Equitable-building, Sydney.

## THE AMALGAMATION.

AT LAST the famous Hawkins Hill Gold Claims have been consolidated, and are now offered to the public as the Amalgamated Hill End, Ltd.

FOR THIRTY YEARS all attempts to bring about amalgamation failed.

BEFORE THAT TIME the mining law permitted amalgamation. These claims produced over 10 tons of gold within 400 feet of the surface.

IN THE EARLY SEVENTIES they were known as—

	Capitalisation	Length in feet.
	in 1872.	on the line of reef.
TALLENTYRE AND BEARD'S .....	£45,000 .....	120
JEFFREY AND GOLDFIELD'S .....	60,000 .....	120
HICKSON, CLEIGHTON, AND BEARD'S .....	50,000 .....	120
GUIDING STAR (Skeete's Lease) .....	45,000 .....	120
RAPP'S .....	125,000 .....	72
CARROLL AND BEARD'S .....	90,000 .....	98
KROHMANN'S .....	80,000 .....	120
DEVEREUX AND HOLTERMANN'S .....	72,000 .....	120
MONTÉ CHRISTO .....	30,000 .....	66
RAWSTHORPE'S .....	120,000 .....	68
COOK, ATTWOOD, AND DWYER'S .....	60,000 .....	57
HICKSON, CLEIGHTON, AND BEARD'S .....	80,000 .....	62
GOLDEN VILLE .....	12,000 .....	30
HAWTHORN'S .....	120,000 .....	34
PARKTON'S .....	160,000 .....	120
STAR OF PEACE .....	90,000 .....	120
FISHER AND BEARD'S .....	60,000 .....	120
MEAD AND BEARD'S .....	60,000 .....	62
HELMAN'S .....	50,000 .....	62
MATTHEWS'ON .....	26,000 .....	120
OXON AND GONDOLPH'S .....	35,000 .....	58
AND OTHERS .....		

THE LOT MIGHT be covered by a 25-mile lease. The area now submitted is 93 acres, all of which was formerly occupied by public companies with large capitals.

SOME OF THE claims on the northern and southern boundaries will probably be merged and worked by the Amalgamated Hill End, Ltd. By this means additional working capital will be obtained for the development of this golden belt, and the Amalgamated, by its shareholders, will become a parent company.

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR, J. E. Scantlebury, went to Hill End at the request of Louis Beyers, one of the pioneer claimholders, who died prospecting in West Australia; while this amalgamation was being effected.

IN SEVERAL INSTANCES claims were secured for shares, and in others for cash and shares. One was purchased right out—the Star of Peace.

THE HIGHEST INDIVIDUAL sum payable is £100,000 shares. In this case the Main Tunnel, as well as the old claim mill, will be included in the purchase.

WORKING AND OTHER options were obtained; a typical mining manager was put in charge, and miners retained in cleaning out old levels, etc. Psycho-crushings have been put through, and now everything is ready to work all these claims as one mine.

ALREADY A PAYABLE gold-producing property is proved, and it is only a matter of prospecting and development for the field to re-establish itself and probably produce as much, if not more, gold below 400 feet than at comparatively shallow level.

EVERY MINING MAN who has visited the field confirms this view.

THE CONSOLIDATED TUNNEL has drained and given access to nearly all the old mines. Some have been closed down for over 30 years.

CRUSHINGS TAKEN FROM faces then left as unpayable have averaged over an ounce to the ton.

OVER 2000 TONS of mullock fillings crushed an average of 6dwt per ton, and in the steps are thousands of tons which will pay to run through a bigger mill.

ANOTHER TUNNEL ON THE SITE now feels below the present main tunnel is available.

FOR MANY years old claims have been living by cutting, delving, and crushing quartz and granite mullock, of which over 20,000 tons remain, and anything over 2dwt. & ton is profit if put through a heavier and otherwise more economical stamp mill.

IT IS INTENDED to double the mill's capacity. It will be used to further test faces, mullock dumps, and fillings, etc., later a big new mill will be erected.

THE GOLD is free and heavy, therefore easy to save. Hill End is the only goldfield in Australia without a cyanide plant, and apparently there is no need for one.

## From "Gold Mines and Mining on Hawkins Hill."

Published in June, 1880.

(Showing that as early as 1880 it was realized that amalgamation was imperative for the re-opening of Hill End.)

"The history of the far-famed Hawkins Hill will probably be written when its golden stores have been fully explored, and will conclude mining operations."

"The want of proper mining records with regard to each mine, and the difficulty in cases of obtaining any reliable information, will account for the incompleteness of some of the accounts herein."

"Many well-situated shafts and tunnels, which cost thousands of pounds, which were not or had not driven to the requisite depth or distance, and which can be utilized, are available for future working when amalgamation of the various small holdings becomes possible."

"A very strong amendment of the Mining Act would tend to promote enterprise on Hill End and other goldfields in the colony. The amendment required is one that would permit holders of small leases to amalgamate without running the risk they now have to incur in establishing their claim to be considered the first applicants for the extended areas."

"The owners of the small leases between the Star of Peace Company and Krohmann's could safely surrender their leases, and convert them into one lease, for the whole claim to be worked by one company, under reasonable labour conditions, the necessary capital would doubtless be forthcoming to support such a good venture."

## The Mineral Resources of New South Wales."

(By E. F. PITTMAN, New South Wales Government Geologist.)

"Probably no other field in New South Wales offers such legitimate opportunities for the investment of capital as does the mineral resources of the colony."

"The investment of capital in the mineral resources of the colony is now greater than ever before, and the market value of the mineral products of the Colony is now greater than ever before."

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## BIRTHS.

CLIFFORD.—Sydney, 20, at her residence, Malabar, Belgrave, Randwick, the wife of Dr. Percy Clifford, a son.  
FIRST.—February 21, at Tigwarrack, Randwick, the wife of H. Firth, a son.  
GARDINER.—February 21, at Bondi, N.S.W., the wife of W. N. Gardner, of a son.  
LESLIE.—February 9, at North Sydney, Private Hospital, a son.  
LOTHINGER.—February 22, 1911, at Wallers, Macpherson-street, Manly, the wife of Karl Lothinger—a son.

## MARRIAGE.

ARMSTRONG.—BLYTHE.—February 20, 1911, by the Rev. J. D. Blythe, at Paddington, the son of Mr. Pitt-Rivers, Rutherford, to Mary Ann Blythe.  
JONES.—AUGUSTINE.—Jan. 7, at Methodist Church, Newtown, by the Rev. J. W. Collier, Richard Jones, the young son of the late Josiah Jones, of Adelphi, London, and his wife, the daughter of F. H. Augustine, of Marrieville.

BARTHOFT.—FINGLTON.—February 1, 1911, by the Rev. Father Edward, Peter Barthoft, son of Mr. Barthoft, of West Maryland, in Eliza Rose (Neil), eldest daughter of James Finglton, Ogdens, Moree.

## SILVER WEDDINGS.

COOK.—POWELL.—February 22, 1906, at Auburn, N.S.W., William Powell, A.R.C.M., Cook, to Eleanor Dowse. Present address: Mary-street, Rockwood.

## DEATHS.

BIGG.—February 1, at Abey Green, Illawarra, Anna, widow of the late Mr. E. Bigg, of Thalgarup, Arncliffe.—A son.  
COOK.—February 22, 1911, at Sydney, Sarah Cook, late of 7, Ward-street, North Sydney, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and Amelia Cook, aged 40 years.

DUGDALE.—February 1, 1911, John Porter Dugdale, 72, of 11, Gloucester-street, Paddington, the son of Mr. Henry Dugdale, White Lodge, Petersham, aged 70 years.

FLETCHER.—February 21, at Penruddock, Christies Beach, Margaret, beloved wife of Alexander Ferrie, of Five-Street, Wollongong.

FIRTH.—February 21, at Tigwarrack, Randwick, the wife of H. Firth—a son.  
HARDIN.—February 21, at Glenbrook, Milsons Point, James Edward Fletcher, beloved husband of Emily Fletcher, and son of James Fletcher, Chester, and Emily Fletcher, of Glenbrook, of 40 years.

HUTCHINSON.—February 21, at Glenbrook, Milson's Point, Ernest Hutchinson, beloved husband of Ernest Hutchinson, of Glenbrook, of 30 years.

MURRAY.—February 19, 1911, at the residence of his parents, Doveton, Gumeracha, South Australia, Mabel Murray, and grandchild of the late Lionel, James, and Anna, of 25 years. House papers leave copy.

WRIGHT.—February 22, at Melrose, William Wright, engineer, a son of Beaconsfield (late), Sydney, and Ardelle Wright.

## IN MEMORIAM.

ATKINS.—In loving memory of our dear husband and father, William Atkins, who died February 20, 1900. Inherited by his loving wife and children, Stanley, Florence, and Beatrice. Gena, his daughter, died 20 years ago.

AJLLEN.—In loving memory of our dearly beloved father, Walter Ajlenn, who died January 20, 1900, leaving a wife and two daughters, Ethel and Dorothy, and family.

BEATTIE.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Dorothy, and her beloved son, David, who died February 20, 1910.

BOYD.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Jessie, and her beloved sons and daughter, Harry, Claude, Ross, and Leslie.

CROOK.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Jessie, and her beloved sons and daughter, Harry, and wife, Dorothy, and their son, Eddie.

DIXON.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Catherine, and her beloved son, Eddie, who died February 20, 1900.

DYER.—In loving memory of our dear husband and father, David Roar, who died February 20, 1900.

EAST.—In his native land, his son, Harry, and wife, and their son and daughter, Harry, and wife, Dorothy, and their son, Eddie.

EVANS.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Jessie, and her beloved sons and daughter, Harry, and wife, Dorothy, and their son, Eddie.

FRITH.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Catherine, and her beloved son, Eddie, who died February 20, 1900.

GLOVER.—In loving memory of our dear mother, Anna Jane Glover, who departed this life February 20, 1910. Beloved wife of Mr. and Mrs. John Glover, and children, George and Clara Glover.

HORN.—In loving memory of our dear children, Lewis and John, who died February 20, 1900, aged 7 and 6 months; and their beloved mother, Clara Horn, and wife, Lewis and wife, Clara Horn.

MIDDLETON.—In loving memory of our dear mother, May Middleton, who departed this life February 20, 1900, aged 70 years. Beloved wife of Mr. and Mrs. Middle-ton, and her beloved husband and family, and W. M. Warren.

MONTGOMERY.—In and end loving memory of my darling mother, Mrs. Montgomery, who died February 20, 1900, aged 80 years.

MYERS.—In loving memory of our dear mother, Mrs. Myers, who died February 20, 1900, aged 80 years.

NEALE.—In loving memory of our dear mother, Mrs. Neale, and her beloved son, Eddie, who died February 20, 1900.

PEPPER.—In loving memory of our dear husband and father, Hippolyte Peppé, who passed away yesterday, Feb. 20, 1900. Beloved husband and father, and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Walks.

REED.—In loving memory of my dear husband and father, William Reed, (sixty-eight years), late of Cooma, who departed this life February 20, 1900.

RIDGE.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Jessie, and her beloved son, Eddie, and her beloved husband and children, Jessie and Roland.

RIDDELL.—In loving memory of Margaret Anne RiddeLL, who died February 20, 1900, aged 80 years.

RIDGE.—In loving memory of my dear husband and father, William Ridge, who died February 20, 1900.

RIDGE.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Jessie, and her beloved son, Eddie, and her beloved husband and children, Jessie and Roland.

RIDGE.—In loving memory of my dear husband and father, Hippolyte Ridge, who died February 20, 1900, aged 80 years.

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## THE VETO BILL.

## DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

## MR. ASQUITH'S ATTITUDE.

## NO TALK OF COMPROMISE.

## BITTER CONTEST HINTED AT.

LONDON, Feb. 21.

In the House of Commons to-day, the Prime Minister, Mr. Asquith, speaking on the introduction of the Veto Bill, said that the measure had been specifically submitted to the people.

The situation resulting from the action of the House of Lords was intolerable, as it placed finance equally by legislation at the mercy of an irresponsible and increasingly partisan authority.

The country, he said, had twice demanded the present remedy for the present crisis.

## A STUPENDOUS POLITICAL BLUNDER."

Feb. 22.

Mr. Asquith said that it was admitted that the House of Lords must yield to the will of the electorate. The rejection by the House of the Budget of 1910 was the most stupendous political blunder ever perpetrated. On that occasion the House of Lords had committed political suicide.

The assertion that the Government wished to rule by a despotic single Chamber was an unsatisfactory nightmare. There were conceivable conditions in which the referendum might be a possible expedient for dealing with exceptional cases; but if it was to be regarded as a regular part of the Constitution it would reduce the election to a sham parade, and degrade the House of Commons to the level of a talking shop. The proposal in regard to the referendum was more revolutionary than the present bill.

## MR. BALFOUR'S SPEECH.

Mr. Balfour, leader of the Opposition, spoke in favour of a conciliatory agreement in order to effect admittedly necessary changes in the composition of the House of Lords.

He said that the general election did not represent the decision of the people upon us alone, whereas the referendum did. The Government last week claimed the result of the recent election as a decision against preferences and tariff reform. By what means could that same vote decide the details concerning the House of Lords?

He hoped that the controversy would proceed without controversial violence—a specially desirable this year—but he would not assent to an agreement imposing a constitutional change which the people did not desire. They desired a change, but they did not desire a revolutionary change at the bidding of the Irish minority. There were some voices so great that compromise was impossible.

A purely elective Upper Chamber would be, said, inconsistent with the predominance of the House of Commons. Unless the Government wished to destroy that predominance it would be folly to throw wholly aside the hereditary principle.

THE LABOUR VIEW.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, leader of the Labour party, said he was recognised with respect that the people insisted upon a second Chamber. To create in the place of the present one another second Chamber composed of rich men able to spend money to contest enormous constituencies would be going from the frying-pan into the fire. He would object less to the present system, which at any rate had an aesthetic and picturesque value.

The Labour party, he said, objected to the preamble to the bill, but they would accept it rather than forego any reform of the House of Lords.

"A LEVER FOR HOME RULE."

Sir C. J. Cory (Liberal) intimated that though he sympathised with the bill, he would vote against it unless it was made clear that it was not going to be used for the purpose of carrying Home Rule.

LONDON PRESS COMMENT.

LONDON, Feb. 22.

The "Times" says that there was nothing in Mr. Asquith's speech to indicate a disposition to listen to any modification of the bill. Mr. Balfour, impressed with the Prime Minister's uncompromising attitude, seemed resigned to a bitter contest.

The "Daily Mail" says that the driving power behind the bill is not the Liberals, but the Nationalists and the Labourites. If the Cabinet's aim is a strong, single-chamber government, and not a single-chamber autocracy, then the Unionists are not with Mr. Asquith, and it is only necessary to consider details; but even this involves vital modifications in the bill.

The "Daily News" says that, judging from Mr. Balfour's remarks, the opposition is one of shadows and phantoms.

A DOCTOR'S CRIME.

SERVITUDE FOR LIFE.

PARIS, Feb. 22.

Count Reventlow, the well-known writer on naval subjects, in an article in the "Tage-Zeitung," says that the British should draw the conclusion from the recent speeches of Admiral von Tirpitz, Minister for the Navy, that the persistent building up of armaments must inevitably mean that Germany will make similar incursions.

THE BURDEN OF ARMS.

GERMANY MUST FORWARD BRITAIN.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.

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MEXICAN REVOLT.

AN INSURGENT OUTRAGE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.

Thirty Mexican insurgents raided Algiers, a frontier town, and murdered several inhabitants, including the chief of police.

They stormed the Customs-house and wrecked the telegraph office.

The residents of the town fled across the boundary into the United States.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

A SATISFACTORY REPLY.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.

The reply of China to the Russian Note is considered satisfactory.

SCOTTISH HOME RULE.

EDINBURGH, Feb. 22.

The Scottish National Committee are organising a demonstration in Edinburgh for Home's favour of Scottish Home Rule.

## JAPANESE IMMIGRATION.

## NEW UNITED STATES TREATY.

## "LEFT TO JAPAN'S HONOUR."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

President Taft has sent to Congress the text of a new trade treaty with Japan.

The essential difference between this treaty and the existing agreement is the omission of all immigration restrictions, leaving to Japan's national honour the enforcement at her own ports the restrictions now enforced at United States ports.

A bitter controversy is likely to take place in the Senate regarding the new treaty, the Western members opposing the removal of the restrictions. He had never heard more bitter expressions used by employees to employers, and vice versa, than in Australia.

The solution of the labour question, he said, could only be reached by increased population.

Mr. W. Barber, another commissioner, said that irrigation and artesian boring would render drought much more serious. He predicted a very promising future for Australia.

## RECIPROCITY.

## CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES

## FURTHER CHECK IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

The Senate Committee, to whom it had been referred, is now considering the reciprocity agreement.

It has been learned that President Taft did not consider any of the interests affected in connection with the question of reciprocity with Canada, and this disclosure is likely to afford ground for delaying the progress of the bill.

## ANNEXATION AGAIN.

## ALASKA AND CANADA.

VANCOUVER, Feb. 22.

A movement is growing in Alaska in favour of the annexation of that territory by Canada.

The residents complain of the excessive taxation to which they are subjected.

Alaska is a territory in the extreme north-west of North America, and was purchased from Russia by the United States in 1867 for \$7,200,000. The area is 563,844 square miles, and the population about 60,000. Rich deposits, especially in the Yukon district, have been exploited, and copper, lead, and coal are also worked. The seal, salmon, and cod fisheries are very important. The territory also boasts big timber resources.

## THE TEST MATCH.

## "AUSTRALIANS TOO GOOD."

## ENGLISH PRESS OPINIONS.

LONDON, Feb. 21.

Commenting on the fourth test cricket match between the Australians and South Africans in Melbourne, the "Pall Mall Gazette" says that the South African cricket has probably been as successful as could have been reasonably anticipated.

The "Westminster Gazette" says that the Australians were simply too good for their opponents.

The "Globe" remarks:—"Nobody will deny that the Australians belong to a really superior class. The general weakness of the South Africans is a serious detriment to the project of triangular test matches."

## CONGRATULATIONS FROM SIR ABE BAILEY.

MELBOURNE, Wednesday.

Sir Abe Bailey has cabled congratulations to Hill, captain of the Australian team, on winning the test and rubber.

## THE CORONATION.

## NATIONALISTS HOLD aloof.

LONDON, Feb. 22.

The Nationalist members of the House of Commons, at a meeting presided over by Mr. J. E. Redmond, decided to state a movement, to the effect that while expressing the hope that the King will have a long and glorious reign, they regret, as representatives of the Irish people who are still denied self-government, that they are unable to participate in the Coronation ceremony.

## THE WESTERN AUSTRALIAN LOAN.

## REFERENCE IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, Feb. 22.

In the House of Commons last night, in reply to a series of questions in regard to the action of Lord Gladstone, Governor-General of South Africa, in suspending a native who had been sentenced to death for assaulting a white woman at Umtata, Dr. Nairn, Mr. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said that it was not proposed to table the papers in connection with the incident at present.

## SOUTH AFRICAN OUTRAGES.

## REFERENCE IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, Feb. 22.

The Western Australian 3d per cent loan, which was issued yesterday, is quoted at par to a quarter premium.

Messrs. Nixon and Co. deny that there was any disbursement on the Stock Exchange as reported. They received the usual proportion of underwriting.

## PROSPECTS OF ADJUSTMENT.

## SERVICES OF A JUDGE OFFERED.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.

The Emperor has issued a decree quashing the dismissal of an officer in the army for attempting to commit suicide.

The Emperor declared: "Suicide is not a crime for which the perpetrator is responsible to a military tribunal, but exclusively to God."

## GENERAL CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, Feb. 21.

King George held the first levee of his reign to-day. It was mainly official and diplomatic.

A representative of every trade union will be invited to a banquet to meet Mr. Fisher, Prime Minister of the Commonwealth, on May 23.

The new steamer Laundrie, built for the Western Australian shipping company, was launched at Campbelltown to-day.

The cost of the late Prince George of Teck, who died on October 22 last, has been sworn for probate at £23,150. The net personality is set down at £6,700.

The Chancery Division of the High Court has sanctioned a reduction of the capital of the Western Australian Midland Railway Company.

An epidemic of measles is raging in Shefield. There have been 8000 cases and 300 deaths during the past three months.

## LISBON, Feb. 21.

Madeira is now free from cholera.

## TALLOW SALES.

LONDON, Feb. 21. 1.15 p.m.

At the sales of Australian tallow to-day 1546 casks were offered, and 971 sold. The prices were:—Mutton, fine 3d./cwt.; medium 3d./cwt.; beef, fine 3d./cwt.; medium 3d./cwt.

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## SCOTTISH COMMISSION.

## IMPRESSIONS OF AUSTRALIA.

## PROBLEMS OF LABOUR.

## MORE PEOPLE THE SOLUTION.

LONDON, Feb. 21.

Sir John Sinclair, a member of the Scottish Agricultural Commission, who recently toured Australia, was interviewed on his arrival at Plymouth.

He spoke enthusiastically of Australia's prospects, but in his opinion Australia was the saddest country he had ever seen, having regard to the problems of labour confronting the Commonwealth. He had never heard more bitter expressions used by employees to employers, and vice versa, than in Australia.

The solution of the labour question, he said, could only be reached by increased population.

Mr. W. Barber, another commissioner, said that irrigation and artesian boring would render drought much more serious. He predicted a very promising future for Australia.

## DALKEITH POISONING CASE.

## HUTCHISON'S OBJECT.

## A GRIM PREMEDITATION.

LONDON, Feb. 22.

John Hutchinson, who committed suicide to avoid arrest for the poisoning of his father and a guest at a dinner party at Dalkeith, Scotland, on February 6, was in desperate straits financially.

His chief creditors were among his father's guests, and it is believed that he planned to utilise the party to kill these creditors, and also his parents, whose lives were jointly insured for £4000.

## IMMIGRATION.

## LABOUR FOR HUSH CLEARING.

LONDON, Feb. 21.

In response to a request for information on hush clearing in New South Wales, the Central (Unemployed) Body in London has advised on April 13, 200 men of the unemployed to go to New South Wales for work on hush clearing.

Further small parties will follow.

## SOCIALISTS AND DEFENCE.

## SCENE IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

PARIS, Feb. 22.

During a debate in the Chamber of Deputies on a bill authorising the construction of two additional 23,500-ton Dreadnoughts, an uproar was created by the Socialists shouting: "National defence is merely a pretext to ransack the Budget and lay hands on the money!"

Owing to the disturbance that ensued the Chamber had to be adjourned.

## BIG PATENTS CASE.

## WIRELESS COMPANIES AT LAW.

LONDON, Feb. 22.

Mr. Justice Parker, sitting in the Criminal Division of the High Court, upheld the Marconi wireless patent of 1900 as against the British Radio-telegraph and Telephone Company.

Mr. J. Dixon, secretary of the Blast Furnaces' Union, said it seemed to him that the reference to Marconi was to the case of the wireless telephone.

Mr. Dixon, who was called to give evidence on behalf of the wireless telephone, said that there were no men who were members of the union receiving wages from the wireless telephone.

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and the country through which he was to travel with the party would probably be of the same desolate and desolate subject.

The Rev. B. T. Butcher, who has personal knowledge of it, describes the country as for the part low and swampy, with a week's watercourse. Up the Fly River, he said yesterday, was "low for a hundred miles or more, but as the traveller proceeds back between the Fly and the Bamu, rising ground is found."

Then again there has been in Papua of late an epidemic of dysentery. "You hear of 300 dead in one village," from smallpox, Mr. Butcher said. "The natives have been struck down in that way. As for being attacked by the natives and killed, I'm very sceptical about that. That's all I can say at present. I've seen Mr. Smith in Port Moresby, and he had malaria—simply soaked in perspiration, from the presence of the fever."

"But those food stores stopped them, and as showing the force to be fought in that respect, he related a story of a power boat taking 28 days to go to the coast of the rivers in Papua, and coming back over the same distance in one day—an extremely exciting and hazardous voyage for those in the boat. This occurred during the early part of last year, and it is now forming great swamps, which would impede the progress of the party very considerably."

The principal doubt is in regard to the possibility of finding a place to camp at this, more than anything else, given rise to the anxiety that is in evidence at Port Moresby.

Mr. Butcher is not inclined to place much reliance on the report of the members of the party having been killed.

"Rumours," he said, "come down from long distances, and the natives, like most men in this world, are inclined to jump to conclusions."

Mr. Pratt is described as a man who is experienced in the bush work in Papua, having been over the country before, and Mr. Bell is credited with having a good knowledge when it comes to dealing with the natives.

A LOCAL OPINION.

Mr. E. C. Harris, an official of the Commonwealth at Daru, who is now on a visit to Sydney, said yesterday that when he left Daru for Port Moresby, on Aug. 1, he had arrived at Port Moresby, and had paid up Mr. Beaver at a place at the mouth of the Fly River. Mr. Beaver was in charge of the steamer, and the steamer was to go up the Strickland and Fly rivers to Daru. Mr. Ryan and Mr. Massay Baker were to follow on the tracks of the missing men.

Mr. Pratt is anxious for the explorer. He thinks it is possible that these deaths, either by sickness or by bad country. If one member of the party was taken ill it would delay the rest for a fortnight, and if the steamer were very slow, they would travel very slowly. They were depending upon obtaining food inland, but still it was quite possible they might have had to turn back to Daru. Mr. Harris apprehends no danger from attacks by the natives.

## NORTH SYDNEY VACANCY.

### LIBERALS ORGANISING.

### LABOUR CAMPAIGN STARTED.

Colonel Ryrie opens his campaign to-night at the Friendly Societies Hall, Lane Cove Road, and will be supported by Mr. Joseph Cook, M.P., and Mr. Arthur Cooks, M.L.A. To-morrow he is to address a public meeting at the Town Hall, Chatswood, and on Monday will speak at Mosman. Meetings are being arranged throughout the week.

All the Labour meetings are not regular, and arranged a systematic canvass of the electorate. It is intended to hold two or three meetings of the candidate every night in the chief centres at which the support of Federal and State parliamentarians will be given.

### THE LABOUR CAMPAIGN.

Mr. S. O'Brien, the selected Labour candidate, addressed a large audience at the balcony at the corner of Alfred and Campbell streets, which was presided over by Mr. J. Seymour. The candidate, who had a good hearing, delivered a vigorous address. He said he was prepared to stand or fall in the Labour platform. He reviewed all that had been accomplished in the cause of Federation, and said that, although 10 years had passed, although interstate free-trade had been secured, no economy of Government or reduction in the State Parliaments, and no abolition of the Upper Houses of Legislature, the Labour party was not responsible, as during the whole of that time it had only occupied the Treasury Benches for two short periods. It was the anti-Labourites who were responsible for the amount of good done, who had adopted the old system of division, had sunk every political principle, and had earned the record of having neglected the question of defence and a common currency.

### ALLEGED ATTEMPTED MURDER.

#### ACCUSED MAN'S STORY.

ADELAIDE, Wednesday.

In the Criminal Court, on Tuesday, before Judge Homburg, a charge of attempted murder was preferred against Hubert Edwin Baldwin, 21, of Victoria-street, North Sydney. Accused was alleged to have wilfully discharged a firearm at Thomas Barnes Baldwin at Adelaide on November 26, with intent to kill.

Speaking from the dock, Knight said he received a letter on November 15 from his wife while he was in New Zealand. In a second letter, she wrote that he had been started for Adelaide, which he reached on November 16. He made arrangements with his wife to meet her on the following Saturday night, and was to take her away from Baldwin. The latter he knew to be a dangerous man. He was to leave New Zealand on the 18th, and his watchhouse. There was he informed that nothing could be done to get back his wife unless Baldwin was arrested. On Saturday night he met his wife at the station, and when another woman in the house pulled her hair, Mr. Baldwin rushed to him and his revolver was pulled, "Get back!" Baldwin was about a yard off, and he fired at him, but merely to frighten him. He was afraid that, as he was, Baldwin would be done to his wife he followed and fled again, but not far. Baldwin, the latter then snatched up his revolver and shot him. Knight then told the jury that his wife in a letter begged him to forgive her for running away with Baldwin. She had, after journeying south, sought the aid of the saloon keeper, and he had given her a room. He was shown a bedroom upstairs, and went in. Shortly afterwards a cabman saw him fall from the stairs. "Don't let me go to the dogs," he said. "If you can't come back and save me, let me know, and I will give you my life."

After five minutes' retirement, the jury brought in a unanimous verdict of "not guilty," and Knight was accordingly discharged.

### PACIFIC COLLIERY TROUBLE.

#### MACHINE MEN HANGING BACK.

NEWCASTLE. Wednesday.

The difficulty at the Pacific Collieries has not yet been completely settled. The men at present working filling coal cut by the machines prior to the strike. The machine men, however, still remain idle. It is understood that their number will increase to complete work, but the other half are determined to remain out.

### RESOURCES OF THE MANNING.

WINGHAM, Wednesday.

The Minister for Lands, Mr. Arthur Mason, who has recently dedicated the new Bishop of Sydney, Mr. Whitley, indicated the new organ which has been installed there. The organ solo by the church organist (Mr. Arthur Mason) and the choir sang "Jesus, we thank thee." The anthem, specially composed for the occasion by Mr. Arthur Mason, "Praise God in His Holiness," was also sung.

The new organ was built by Mr. T. A. Earsom, of the Manning company, and the building supervised by Mr. J. Earsom.

### LEICHARD TRAM EXTENSION.

The Minister for Works has put in hand the work of constructing a tramway from the present terminus of the line along North Head to the Balmain road opposite Callan Park, Asylum. The extension will be 35 chains in length, and is estimated to cost £7500.

### LABOUR TROUBLES.

#### "MUDDY ROADS."

#### THREAT FROM MINERS.

WOLLONGONG, Thursday.

Complaint has been made by miners at the Mount Kembla Colliery to the management about the muddy state of the roads, and they have threatened, unless there is an improvement by Monday, not to go in. The management intend endeavouring in the meantime to make an improvement. They attribute the wet state of the roads to the rainfall the past two weeks, and that they are not to blame. The miners are threatening to strike if the management do not improve the roads.

"That's what they're threatening," continued Mr. Butcher, "that food has stopped them, and as showing the force to be fought in that respect, he related a story of a power boat taking 28 days to go to the coast of the rivers in Papua, and coming back over the same distance in one day—an extremely exciting and hazardous voyage for those in the boat. This occurred during the early part of last year, and it is now forming great swamps, which would impede the progress of the party very considerably."

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## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

## STOCKS AND SHARES.

A large volume of business was effected on stocks yesterday. First prices: Australian Bank of Commerce shares, £100; Australian Bank, £50; Bank of New South Wales, £47; Australian Bank of Commerce, 17½.

## INTERSTATE EXCHANGES.

MELBOURNE, Wednesday.

To-day's Exchange rates.—Victoria 3½ per cent. Stock, 1910, £20; Colonial Bank, 3½ per cent. National Bank, 60; Bank of Victoria, 5½; B.M.C., 10; Farmers' and Co., 60; 60½; Farmers' and Co., 10; Fresh Food, 6½; Goldsbrough Mort. and Co., 6½; Fresh Food, 6½; Permanent Trusts, 2½; other sales being at about late rates. Closing quotations were:—

## FINANCIAL.

## M.L.C. REPORT.

The third annual report of the Mutual Life and Citizens' Assurance Company, which is the twenty-first year under the old Officership, has been received. The company's affairs show continued and substantial progress. About the middle of the year the Australian branch had been fused into the M.L.C., the fact that it is now in existence being the comparative tables to follow. There has been an increase of no less than £2,650,000 in the ordinary branch, which includes a record for that company which is the largest in Australia. The total branch the increase has been £12,510,000 for the past 12 months, and £1,000,000 for the first time, and under favourable conditions. The expense rates for each of the three branches are as follows:—

## ORDINARY NEW BUSINESS.

Policies. Amount Ann. Premium  
1910—£1,351,263. 25. 50.  
11,382, 25. 50.  
Accident—£1,351,263. 25. 50.  
Total—£1,351,263. 25. 50.

As against this increase in the new business, there has also been an increase in the claims, more particularly in the ordinary branch, as follows:—

## CLAIMS.

Ordinary—£1,351,263. 25. 50.  
Industrial—£1,351,263. 25. 50.  
Accident—£1,351,263. 25. 50.  
Total—£1,351,263. 25. 50.

The amount of business now in force approaches 27 millions, and the rate of new business on 30 millions a year, yielding an annual premium income of £857,883.

The paid-up capital of the company is now £27,450, of which £23,000 is fully paid up and £4,450 is paid in advance of calls.

## DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS.

The character of the assets of the M.L.C. has again changed, the result, no doubt, from amalgamation. We shall probably find that the pre-existing state of affairs, in so far as Government securities are concerned, may be subjected to the following comparison:—

## ASSETS AT DECEMBER 31.

Per cent. of total of total.

Government—  
Treasuries, £1,000,000  
Bank of Australia—  
B.M.C.—  
B.M.C. and A.—  
B.M.C. and C.—  
B.M.C. and D.—  
B.M.C. and E.—  
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